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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/628,477	07/29/2003	Takahiro Aoki	1614.1351	4692
21171 STAAS & HAI	7590 10/22/2007 LSEY LLP	7	EXAM	IINER
SUITE 700			LIEW, ALEX KOK SOON	
WASHINGTO	NRK AVENUE, N.W. N, DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2624	•
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		•	10/22/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/628,477	AOKI, TAKAHIRO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alex Liew	2624				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUI 36(a). In no event, however, may vill apply and will expire SIX (6) M , cause the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 Se	eptember 2007.					
,	·					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x paπe Quayle, 1935 C	s.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 10.	epted or b) objected drawing(s) be held in abey tion is required if the drawi	yance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received ir rity documents have be u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n Application No en received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper I	w Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application				

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The after final amendment filed on September 4, 2007 is entered and made of record.

Response to Applicant's Arguments

On page 6, the applicant stated:

Therefore, neither Pavidis nor O'Meare, individually or combined, describe, teach, or suggest "a first image pickup step to pickup an image of an object positioned in front of a background using wavelengths in a visible light visible region" as recited by claim 1.

The examiner agrees with the applicant. However, in the examiner new search Mack (US pat no 6,125,197) discloses an image extraction method, comprising:

a first image pickup step to pickup an image of an object positioned in front of a background using wavelengths in a visible light region (see figure 1, elements 12 and see column 5, lines 27 to 30, the first camera, 12, is read as the camera with visible light);

a second image pickup step to pick up an image of the object positioned in front of the background using wavelengths in an infrared region (see figure 1, elements 13 and see column 5, lines 27 to 30, the second camera, 13 is read as the camera with infrared light); and

an extracting step to extract only the object based on the images picked up by the first and second image pickup steps (see figure 5, element 53, the face in the image is extracted).

The examiner will make rejection with Mack reference.

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mack ('197) in view of O'Meara (US pat no 3,544,771).

With regards to claim 1, Mack discloses an image extraction method, comprising:

a first image pickup step to pickup an image of an object positioned in front of a background using wavelengths in a visible light region (see figure 1, elements 12 and see column 5, lines 27 to 30, the first camera, 12, is read as the camera with visible light);

a second image pickup step to pick up an image of the object positioned in front of the background using wavelengths in an infrared region (see figure 1, elements 13 and see column 5, lines 27 to 30, the second camera, 13 is read as the camera with infrared light); and

an extracting step to extract only the object based on the images picked up by the first and second image pickup steps (see figure 5, element 53, the face in the image is extracted).

Mack does not disclose a surface of the background is formed by an organic dye.

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O'Meara discloses infrared radiation to detect the plurality of sections in the image by coating the regions using different levels of magnetic material coating, shown in column 4 lines 62 – 75. The different level of coating give a plurality of reflected light, which distinguish the different regions of image, background area 14 (background area), information area 16 (is also read as the background ground area) and character area 18 (object area), where the coated areas includes ink or dye, shown in column 3 lines 26 to 28. The combination of Pavidis and O'Meara disclose the claimed invention of claim 1. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include a surface of the background is formed by a dye or any form of dye is because the energy in the form of electromagnetic radiation such as light is direct to the background dye and object will produce distinguishable series of pulse signal showing the location of object and the background area, so one would be able to easily locate the object (see column 3 lines 31 to 40).

With regards to claim 2, Mack discloses an image extraction method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said extracting step extracts the object from the image picked up by the first image pickup step depending on color, and extracts the object from the image picked up by the second image pickup step depending on luminance (see column 5, lines 25 to 38, the first camera uses visible light which translate to detecting it RGB values and the second camera uses infrared light which depends luminance lighting).

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With regards to claim 3, Mack discloses all of the claim elements / features as discussed above in rejection for claim 1 and incorporated herein by reference, but fails to disclose dye has a color selected from a group consisting of blue-green color, gold color and silver color. O'Meara suggest selecting the background color as gray and the color of the object as black. Selecting dye color from group of consisting of blue-green color, gold color and silver color is a matter of choice. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include Selecting dye color from group of consisting of blue-green color, gold color and silver color is a matter of choice because the energy in the form of electromagnetic radiation such as light is direct to the background dye and object will produce distinguishable series of pulse signal showing the location of object and the background area, so one would be able to easily locate the object.

3. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mack ('197) in view of O'Meara ('771) as applied to claim 1 further in view of Gaynor (US pat no 3,434,835).

Mack discloses all of the claim elements / features as discussed above in rejection for claim 1 and incorporated herein by reference, but fails to disclose the organic dye is selected from a group consisting of cyanine organic dyes, phthalocyanine organic dyes, and azo organic dyes. Gaynor discloses a method of extraction method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the organic dye is selected from a group consisting of cyanine organic

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dyes, phthalocyanine organic dyes, and azo organic dyes (see column 4, lines 20 to 30). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include organic dye is selected from a group consisting of cyanine organic dyes, phthalocyanine organic dyes, and azo organic dyes because to allow the dye to with stand light radiation to prevent the dye from coming off from the background image, so the dye in the background can last longer.

4. Claims 5 – 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mack ('197) in view of Okazaki (US pat no 6,873,713) and O'Meara ('771).

With regards to claim 5, see the rationale and rejection for claim 1. In addition, Okazaki discloses a matching section to compare the image extracted by the extracting section and registered object images and to output a result of comparison as an authentication result (see column 3. lines 19 to 33, a plurality of images are taken from different views, the first image taken is read as the image taken from first imager and second image taken is read as the image taken from second imager – the average brightness is compared between the first, second and to the registered image). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include a matching section because to identify the individual to prevent tress passers from entering any secure facility to improve security.

With regards to claim 6, see the rationale and rejection for claim 2.

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With regards to claim 7, see the rationale for claim 5.

With regards to claim 8, see the rationale and rejection for claim 3.

5. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mack ('197), Okazaki ('713) and O'Meara ('771) as applied to claim 5 further in view of Gaynor (US pat no 3,434,835).

With regards to claim 9, see the rationale and rejection for claim 4.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alex Liew whose telephone number is (571)272-8623. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30AM - 7:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Bella can be reached on (571) 272-7778. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Alex Liew AU2624 10/17/07

> MATTHEW C. BELLA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

Marker (Bella